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per annum.

No. 16,959

號一廿月九年七十壹百九千壹英

SONGKONG, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1917.

巳丁次歲年六國民華中

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OLD VAT
No. 4.
SCOTCH WHISKY.**
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SOLE AGENTS.
A.S. WATSON & Co. Ltd
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
HONGKONG.
TEL. 616.

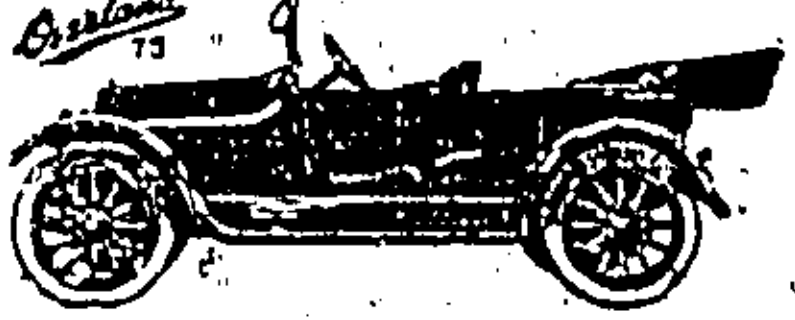
NOTICE.
ANY EUROPEAN OR ASIATIC IN
INDIAN desiring to leave the
Colony, should apply in person at the
Central Police Station between the hours
of 9 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M.
daily.
Applicants will be required to produce
Passports or identification papers. All
persons, with certain exceptions, who
remain in the Colony for more than
7 days are required to register them-
selves under the REGISTRATION OF
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916. Forms of
Registration giving the particulars
required may be obtained at the G.P.O.
and at all Police Stations.
The Penalty for non-compliance is a
fine not exceeding \$50.

**NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE CO.**
WHICH ARE VESTED THE MANAGERS OF
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LTD.,
and
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS
ASSURANCE CO.
TOTAL FUNDS at 31st DECEMBER, 1914,
£23,970,367
—
Authorized Capital £8,000,000
Subscribed Capital £4,500,000
Paid-up Capital £2,477,500
—
II—Fire Fund £3,857,047
III—Life & Annuity Funds £17,667,500
Sinking Fund Account £128,230
—
£23,970,367
—
Revenue Fire Branch £9,381,558
Life and Annuity 2,141,583
Branches 839,239
Revenue Marine Department 478,946
Other Receipts 45,339,228
—
The Accumulative Funds of the various
Branches are separately invested, and, by
Act of Parliament, are not liable to meet
the claims under the respective Depart-
ments of the Company's Business.
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
Agents.

**PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY,
LIMITED.**
—
TIME TABLE.
—
WEEK DAYS
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
—
HOLIDAY DAYS
8.00 p.m. and 9 p.m. 9.30 p.m. to 11.00
p.m. every half hour.
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of
an hour.
—
SATURDAY
7.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
5.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
8.00 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
—
NIGHT CAR on Week Days.
—
SUNDAY
8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.00 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
5.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
8.00 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
—
NIGHT CAR on Week Days.

APPROPRIATE CARS by arrangement at the
Company's Office, 40, Queen's Road Central.
Season and punch tickets available for
all cars not already full running at the
times stated in the Company's time tables,
but not for special cars, can be obtained
on application to the Company's Office.
No season ticket will be issued, until
payment therefor has been made in Bank
Notes or by Cheque or Comptroller's order
representing Bank Notes.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS, SON
General Manager.

BUSINESS NOTICES.
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8,000 Tons, 4,000 Horse Power now Built.
Steel Building Work of every Description.
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.
Prompt Attention and Shipment to Destination.
INJECTORS AND STEAM PUMPS.
W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.
ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS,
KOWLOON BAY.

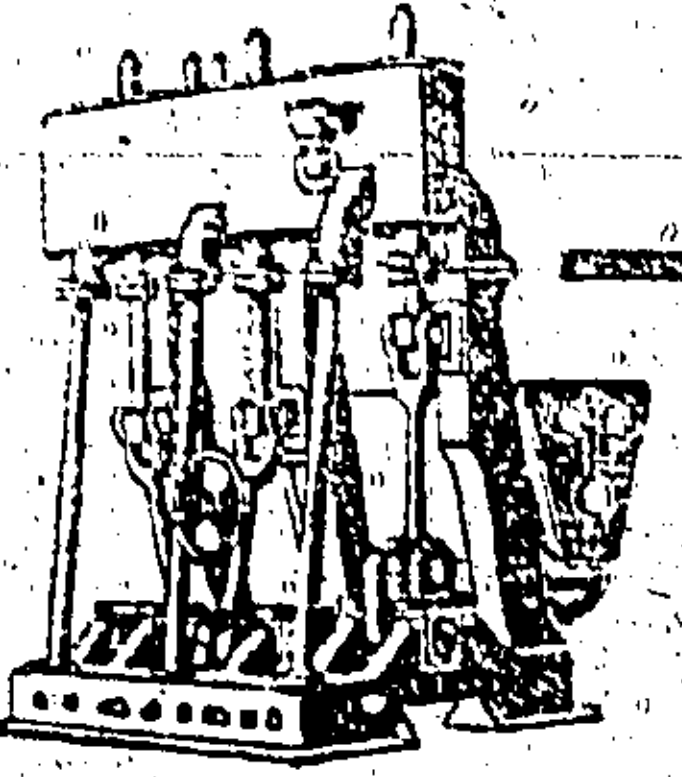
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SOLE DISTRIBUTORS FOR THE FAMOUS
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GREY HARLEY DAVIDSON MOTOR CYCLES
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TELEPHONE 482.
COME AND INSPECT
BEST CARS IN THE COLONY FOR HIRE.

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Established 1883
—
MANUFACTURERS OF
PURE Manila ROPE
—
STRAND 1" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE.
CABLE LAYED 5" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE.
4 STRAND 3" to 10" CIRCUMFERENCE.
—
Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.
—
Prices, samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to
Shewan, Tomes & Co., General Managers.
Hongkong, April 11, 1912.

**WATSON'S
FORMAZONE**
(REGISTERED)
—
A Refreshing, Invigorating and Palatable Drink.
Particularly suited for Tennis, Shooting and
Bathing Parties.
—
Pints \$1.20 Per Dozen.
Splits 70 Cts. "
—
A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.
Telephone No 438.

THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.
(NOW RECONSTRUCTED).
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ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON
FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have
over thirty years' experience. We own two Slipways and can accommodate any craft
of 200 feet long.
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Town Office, 48, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. Telephone No. 468.
Shipyards: Sheung-Sui-Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Telephone No. 9.
Estimates furnished on application.
—
Hongkong, April 1, 1912. **WONG PING WA, Manager.**

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Central Location.
All Electric Trains Pass Station.
Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting.
European Baths and Sanitary Fixtures.
Hot and Cold Water System throughout.
Best of Food and Service.
—
Telephone 373
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS
Victoria J. WITHELL, Manager.
—
FRENCH LESSONS
O. MOUSSON.
15, MORRISON HILL ROAD.
—
TANG YUK DENTIST, successor of
the late SIFU TING.
15, D'AGUIAR STREET.
—
TERMS VERY MODERATE
Consultation Free.

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TAIKOO DOCKYARD.
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BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES
—
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
—
THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY
—
OF HONGKONG, LTD.
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AGENTS:
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TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "TAIKOO DOCK"
—
SUTTERFIELD & SWICE
—
TELEPHONE NO. 212

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.
PORTLAND CEMENT
—
In Casks of 375 lbs. net.
—
In Bags of 250 lbs. net.
—
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
GENERAL MANAGERS.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL
AND
GRILL ROOM
—
J. H. TAGGART
MANAGER.
—
PEAK HOTEL.
—
ADMIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.
Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.
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A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS HOTEL.
—
Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies
rooms, Roof Garden.
Terms:—From \$5 per day. Max. Telephone add: "Peaseful"
P. O. PEUSTER
Manager.

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Keep in touch with local happenings
by subscribing to
"THE OVERLAND CHINA MAIL"
All the News of Hongkong and the Far East.
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ORDER BEFORE YOU LEAVE, SO THAT YOU MAY RECEIVE
IT WHILE AWAY.
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PRICE \$15 PER ANNUM, INCLUDING POSTAGE.
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CAN BE MAILED TO ANY ADDRESS FROM THE
"CHINA MAIL" OFFICE.

THE WAR.
TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.
(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

**BIG BRITISH
ATTACK.**
—
**VALUABLE POSITIONS
CAPTURED.**
—
London, Sept. 20.
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig
reports:—
We attacked, this morning, on a
wide front to the east of Ypres.
Satisfactory progress is reported
and we have already captured valu-
able positions.

A FEW DETAILS.
—
London, Sept. 20.
Reuter's Correspondent at British
Headquarters states:—
The British have renewed their offen-
sive on a big scale.
It is impossible at present to define
the flanks of the attack. The most
intense fighting zone lies astride the
Ypres-Menin Road and is directed
against the German positions at Galm-
gorse Wood, Inverness Copse, Nonne
Boschen and Polygone de Zonneleke,
standing upon high ground.
The possession of these positions
would complete our mastery of the
Westhoek Ridge system. There was
heavy rain during the night but the
weather cleared at dawn and the all-
important element—visibility—is reason-
ably high, while the ground is not
seriously affected.

The attack differed materially from
the previous, in various aspects, which
it is not permitted to indicate, but which
is dictated by the necessity of devising
some formula for dealing with the
enemy's new defensive tactics.
The enemy's well-boxed and shell-
cratered ground has been subject to
great artillery concentration during the
week. By day our heavy guns carried
out intense counter-battery work and a
destructive bombardment of the defen-
sive positions, while at night, the field
guns and trench mortars pitched, as
shells and oil drums among the enemy,
the effect of which may be guessed by
the fact that two nights ago one hostile
artillery group so attacked did not re-
ply; thus the war was pretty effective-
ly cleared for the infantry. The actual
preliminary bombardment was short,
but of incredible intensity, consisting
of a series of barrages, one in advance
of the other. All the troops had been
thoroughly rehearsed in their parts
and by the devotion of some Divi-
sions, in remaining in the line
longer than usual, it was possible
to put more than a normally large
proportion of fresh troops into the
attack.
Considering the circumstances, the
communication is good, for which due
credit must be accorded the New
Zealand brigade, which, during the
comparatively short period of prepara-
tion preceding the attack, buried over
20,000 feet of telegraph cable so deep
as to defy any shelling.
The Germans, who fully realise what
the loss of this life will mean, have
offered strong opposition to the infantry.
There was intense machine-gun activity
from redoubts etc., but our artillery
soon found these spots. Tanks are
being employed in limited numbers
owing to the unfavourable ground, but
our armour already report that these
snorting machines are moving to the
assistance of the infantry where the
latter are temporarily held up.
Our flyers are taking a great part in
the battle, carrying out so appreci-
ably elaborate and co-ordinated opera-

"A WONDERFUL ACHIEVEMENT."
—
LATER.
To-day's attack has been another
fine success for the British arms.
The troops penetrated to a depth of
a mile, which is a wonderful achieve-
ment, considering the character of the
ground. The advanced troops
reached the Zonneleke-Galmgorse
line and also beyond the central
parallel of Polygone Wood.
We are now bombarding the Ger-
mans who are unanswering for counter-
attacks.

It is believed that the prisoners
total four figures. Every shell hole
yielded about a dozen prisoners who
are sometimes surrendering without
resistance and sometimes fighting
stubbornly.
In one instance the inmates of a
semi-concealed crater held up our
troops for a long time by bombing
them. In other instances the enemy
came out with fixed bayonets as the
barrage crept towards them. The
first advance was made very rapidly,
in light skirmishing order, and the
Bosche was "admittedly" taken by
surprise by the rapidity of the attack.
We swept overland places, which
have figured in the communications
since July 31, the serious obstacles,
such as Pommern Castle, Borey
Farm, Herian blockhouse and Gali-
poll.

The Schuler gallery, which is a
long line of pill boxes—small con-
crete turrets erected in shell holes—
gave much trouble, but the onslaught
of our men was irresistible. At
Schuler Farm, which is surrounded
by water, two tanks attacked, ob-
taining 30 prisoners, who are
blanched-looking men afflicted with
tremours from the ordeal of our
artillery.

A large percentage of the prisoners
are young, and are chiefly Bavarians.
A captured messenger dog bore a
message ordering that the high
ground towards Molenaerehoek
must be recaptured at all costs and
ordering that as many guns as pos-
sible should be ranged thereon.
The work of consolidating has been
 strenuously progressing all the after-
noon, under a heavy barrage.
Our casualties are not heavy, con-
sidering the enormous value of the
guns attained, which constitute bit-
ter commentary on the German
claim that the offensive in Flanders
had failed.
The ground won is of tactical
and high strategic importance, and
we are prepared for desperate enemy
counter-efforts.

The day has been a great and
glorious one for our armies in Flanders.

GERMAN REPORTS.
—
London, Sept. 20.
A German official message states:—
After most violent artillery fire between
Houthoulst Wood and Lys, the English
launched strong attacks, on a broad
front at daybreak.
The French attacks yesterday, near
Hill 344, were unsuccessful.
We shot down 20 aeroplanes.
A later German official message
states:—
The battle is in full swing on the
English Front, from Langemarck to
Hollbeck.
There has been bitter fluctuating
fighting, all day long, on the fore-
most part of our defensive zone.

**INTENSE ARTILLERY ACTIVITY
ON FRENCH FRONT.**
—
London, Sept. 20.
A French communiqué states:—
There has been intense artillery activity, south
of the Oise, in Champagne, on the
Tonnelle-High Mount sector, and on
both banks of the Meuse.
—
LATER.
A French communiqué states:—
After a violent bombardment, an
enemy attack on the south-east of
Cerny, was stopped by our fire and
did not succeed in reaching our lines.
(Continued on Page 5.)

INTIMATIONS

KOWLOON CANTON RAILWAY.

(NATIVE SECTION).

WINTER TIMING OF LOCAL TRAINS.

On and from SATURDAY, September 22nd and until further notice.

THE following Trains are cancelled:—

DOWN TRAINS.

From SHUN CHEN 6.15 P.M. 9.00 P.M.

UP TRAINS.

From Kowloon 5.15 P.M. (Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays only).

In place of the above the following Trains will run:—

DOWN TRAINS.

From SHUN CHEN 5.30 P.M. 6.25 P.M.

(except Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays).

UP TRAINS.

From Kowloon 4.50 P.M. (Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays only).

By Order, H. P. WINSLOW,

Manager.

Kowloon, September 19, 1917. 2121

KOWLOON CRICKET CLUB.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Club will be held in the CLUB HOUSE on WEDNESDAY, the 24th instant at 5.30 P.M.

S. E. GREEN,

Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, Sept. 19, 1917. 2119

HONGKONG ST. ANDREWS SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Society will be held in the CITY HALL, on WEDNESDAY, 26th September, 1917, at 5.30 P.M. for the purpose of receiving the Annual Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st August, of electing office-bearers for the ensuing year, &c.

R. HENDERSON,

Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, Sept. 19, 1917. 2120

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, on SATURDAY the 2nd of September, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers, together with a Statement of Accounts to 30th June, 1917. The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 2nd to 29th September, both days inclusive.

DOUGLAS LIPPAK & CO.

General Managers.

Hongkong, Sept. 5, 1917. 2083

THE HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DIVIDEND WARRANTS for the INTERIM DIVIDEND of \$2.50 per share payable to all Shareholders on the Company's Register at 30th September, 1917, may be obtained at the Office of the Company, 2, Queen's Buildings, Hongkong, on and after the 6th October, 1917.

Notice is further given that the SHARE REGISTER and TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st to the 6th October, 1917, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

R. M. DYER,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, Sept. 19, 1917. 2091

NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION).

(Incorporated in England.)

UNREDEEMED BANK NOTES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that any OUTSTANDING NOTES will be paid on presentation to the undersigned on or before SATURDAY, 29th September, 1917, at Noon.

AFTER THAT DATE, holders will find it necessary to claim repayment in Sterling from the Board of Trade, LONDON, to whom the necessary funds will be remitted.

THE BOARD OF TRADE make a charge for payment of claims out of money deposited in the "COMPANIES LIQUIDATION ACCOUNT" at the Bank of England.

A. B. LOWE,

Liquidator.

Chartered Bank Building,

Hongkong, August 17, 1917. 2040

COMIC

REGAL

RECORDS

BY

BILLY WILLIAMS

6004 I've found Kelly

6005 You're the one

6006 I wish it was Sunday night

6007 I do wish that I was a Lady's man

6008 My lass from Glasgow Town

6009 I never heard Father

6010 laugh so much before

6011 (It's a grand old song)

6012 Home Sweet Home

6013 The Ragtime Boy

6014 (Master John Mackenzie O)

6015 I come from Scotland

ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

16, The Arcade, Tel. 1221

VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

THE NEW HIGH GRADE

IN PACKETS

OF 20

VALO

IN TINS

OF 50

PACKED SPECIALLY FOR
MILITARY MESSES

LOOK FOR THE YELLOW & BLACK LABEL

THIS ADVERTISEMENT IS ISSUED BY THE
BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO CO., LTD.

SCOTTISH LETTER.

(From our Own Correspondent.)

EDINBURGH, July 25.

EXIT EAST FIFE.

Under the redistribution proposals of the Scottish Boundary Commissioners, a constituency that of late years has bulked largely in our political life will lose its name and its identity. East Fife, so long associated with the name of Mr. Asquith, is to be united to the St. Andrews Burghs, and the new constituency will be known as the St. Andrews Division. This is as it should be. East Fife is a modern creation and its name was merely a piece of political geography; while St. Andrews, has for centuries been one of the centres round which Scottish history revolved. Ladybank will also lose its high estate; this railway junction and its small Masonic Hall provided the very unsatisfactory scene of many political demonstrations; in the future, it is to be supposed, all these will be held in St. Andrews by the Sea. Politicians and journalists and wirepullers and all the motley crowd whose duty it was to attend "speeches" have shivered on many a winter day at Ladybank, and they at least will not regret its passing back into its native local obscurity.

PERSONALLY.

Sir Christopher N. Johnston, K.C., M.P. for Edinburgh and St. Andrews Universities, is appointed one of the Senators of His Majesty's College of Justice in Scotland (a Judge in the Court of Session), in room of Lord Dewar, deceased.

It was expected that Sir Eric Geddes being a native of Edinburgh and a Merchant Castle boy, would be put forward for the vacancy in Edinburgh and St. Andrews Universities. But, unfortunately, some one blundered, the Scottish Government Whips have lately shown very little tact, and the First Lord of the Admiralty finds a seat at Cambridge.

Sir Eric Geddes is closely associated with the Granite City. He is a grandson of the late Dr. Anderson, of the Old Aberdean Grammar School of Gymnasium, an institution famed for sending out lads of thoroughness and promptitude. He is also a nephew by marriage of Mr. John Clarke, Lecturer on Education in Aberdeen University.

Sir Thomas Muir, appointed the Chief Director in the Labour Regulation Department, of the Ministry of Munitions, is the County Clerk of Lanarkshire. He was a member of the Commission on the Dilution of Labour for the Clyde and Tyne Districts, and

is at present Labour Advisor for Scotland to the Admiralty, Shipyard Labour Department and the Ministry of Munitions.

THEY SAY.

Regret is expressed in many circles in Scotland that the King did not revive Stuart as the family name of the Royal House. But it is pointed out that Stuart spelt misfortune,—"O wae's me for Prince Charlie."

A correspondent at the Front, writing of the Queen's visit, says that some of the women now wearing field uniform would prefer to follow military usage and salute; but the Highlanders, who object to anybody in skirts but themselves giving the regulation salute, threatened to curtsy as a reprisal.

The same correspondent tells that when the Queen was visiting an hospital she was greatly amused to find a Tipperary Irishman serving in a Highland Battalion, and told the lad that it was a very good mixture.

The announcement is made in the usual columns that a son has been born to the wife of a naval officer, who gives his ship as "H.M.S.——." Perhaps this is the mysterious H.M.S. "Hush" of which we read so much after the visit of the King to the Grand Fleet.

CRICKET.

In a two-days' School Championship match, Edinburgh Academy defeated Merchiston by an innings and 41 runs, 318 against 85 and 192. F. S. Paterson, Academy, who has proved himself one of the best all-rounders of the year, made 50 runs and captured 11 wickets for 111. In batting he was excelled by F. H. Walker, who scored 94. On the Castle side R. M. Gourlay and E. E. Corstorphine made the most successful appearances.

Of course this game had no bearing on the fate of the Public Schools' Championship, which has already been won by Fettes. The honour, however, is this year, shorn of most of its glamour, the war, greatly adding to the natural inequalities of the schools.

MAMMOTH AT THE FRONT.

The "Daily Express," New York correspondent quotes the following from an Associated Press representative with the British Armies in France:—

British soldiers, excavating near the battered remnants of the Hindenburg line, struck a strange object, which proved to be the skull of a mammoth. The discovery caused great excitement among the troops, who looked to the place regardless of the danger of stray fire from the Germans.

The skeleton of the prehistoric monster has now been definitely located, and the gradual exposure of it is proceeding under the supervision of a

A PATRIOT INDEED.

HUNS' APOLOGIST GOES TO GAOL.

The announcement contained in an Amsterdam paper that a German jurist, Dr. Ivers, has been condemned by a Berlin Court to nine months' imprisonment for having extorted 120,000 marks from the mother of a soldier under threat, may not arouse the attention it deserves unless men know something of the previous history of this typical Hun. Dr. Ivers was the man specially selected by the German Government to direct the official investigation in Belgium, the result of which, published in the German White Book, forms the basis of the German reply to the charges made against the invaders by the French, Belgian and British Commissions of Enquiry into the German atrocities.

This man presided over innumerable courts-martial; it was on his condemnation that hundreds of Belgians have suffered death or imprisonment, and the findings of this judicial murderer were accepted without question by the German Government as they had been unhesitatingly concurred in by his infamous colleagues. When tried for the crime for which he has been sentenced to imprisonment, Dr. Ivers' defending counsel pleaded that his client was a chronic alcoholic and a confirmed morphinomaniac; that he was a degenerate; that he was one of those men who could do nothing unless he was half-drunk; and that he possessed defects and vices which rendered all moral resistance very difficult for him.

And this is the man who was specially appointed to direct enquiries from the German side who presided over the German Commission of Enquiry into the horrors of Louvain! The administration of justice must indeed be in a parlous way in Germany. Dr. Ivers has, it is true, been sentenced to imprisonment for his latest "criminal" crime; but the Court which passed sentence upon this foul creature declared that "in inflicting punishment it had taken into account the services rendered by the accused to his country!"

LOSING WEIGHT BY THE POUND

"Under Weight," a condition of ill-health, shows your assimilative powers are decreasing.

WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND

Supplies the blood with the wanted nourishing and healthy flesh-building materials. Very palatable.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

[Prices: 1/-, 2/- and 3/-]

INTIMATIONS

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WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Hotel Mansions.

Agents for ADMIRALTY CHARTS

ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,

KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,

BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,

ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,

High-Class English Jewellery

KAIPING COAL

FOR ALL INDUSTRIAL AND HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES

FOUNDRY AND SMELTING COKE

FIREBRICK AND FIRECLAY

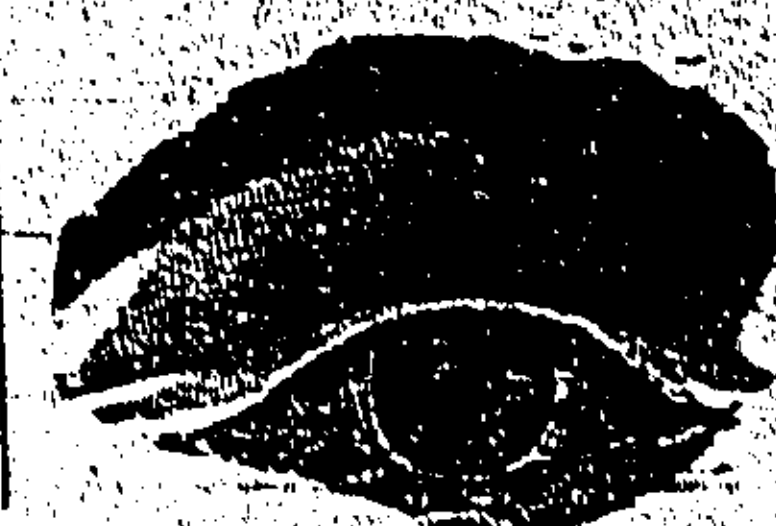
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DODWELL & CO., LTD., QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, HONGKONG, OR

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION,

TIENTSIN, NORTH CHINA.

INTIMATIONS



YOUR EYES

SHOULD NOT BE NEGLECTED.

At the first symptom of eye strain you should consult us. We test eyes scientifically and fit glasses to individual requirements.

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ESTABLISHED A.D. 1860.

IRON, STEEL, METAL, AND HARD

WARE, REFRIGERATORS, Wholesale

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keepers and Shipchandeliers, Nos. 35 and

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Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers,

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ACETYLENE CUTTING AND WELDING FOR SHIP AND BOILER REPAIR.

Modern up-to-date plant operated by our own specially trained

workmen under expert European supervision.

All classes of light steel work manufactured by the above process.

Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, &c., &c.

TERMINATIONS OF DOCKS AND SHIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS:—

NAME OF DOCK OR SHIP	LENGTH ON KEEL	BEAM AT BOW	BEAM AT MIDSHIP	BEAM AT STERN	DATE OF TERMINATION	TERMINATION
NO. 1 DOCK, Kowloon	771	110	110	110	1917	1917
NO. 2 DOCK, Kowloon	871	110	110	110	1917	1917
NO. 3 DOCK, Kowloon	871	110	110	110	1917	1917
NO. 4 DOCK, Kowloon	871	110	110	110	1917	1917
NO. 5 DOCK, Kowloon	871	110	110	110	1917	1917
NO. 6 DOCK, Kowloon	871	110	110	110	1917	1917
NO. 7 DOCK, Kowloon	871	110	110	110	1917	1917
NO. 8 DOCK, Kowloon	871	110	110	110	1917	1917
NO. 9 DOCK, Kowloon	871	110	110	110	1917	1917
NO. 10 DOCK, Kowloon	871	110	110	110	1917	1917

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AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General Produce
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"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

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Bentley's
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PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

SATURDAY,
the 22nd September, 1917,

at 10.45 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice
House Street.

A CONSIGNMENT OF
WHITE GOODS.

Comprising—
Turkish Bath Sheets, 20 doz. Turkish
Face Towels, (assorted sizes), Pillow
Cases, Double Bed White Satin Quilts,
Single and Double Bed Sheets
(hemstitched and plain), Damask Table
Cloths and Serviettes, White Satin
Bedspreads, Bleached Sheetings, Lace
Curtains, Counterpanes, Shirts, etc.,
etc.

Also
A few lots of Dress Materials.
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Sept. 15, 1917. 2107

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

SATURDAY,
the 22nd September, 1917, at 11.30 a.m.,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A CONSIGNMENT OF
BRASS WARE.

Comprising—
A varied assortment of Curved Brass
Vases, Jardiniere, Flower Bowls, Finger
Bowls, Incense Burners, Biddha,
etc., etc.

Also
A few lots of Kinkosan Satsuma Vases
and Tea Sets.
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Sept. 15, 1917. 2108

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

SATURDAY,
the 23rd September, 1917, at 10.30 a.m.,

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF
**DRUGS, CHEMICALS,
DISINFECTANTS, ANTISEPTICS
AND HOSPITAL SUPPLIES.**

Consisting of—
QUININE in bulk and tabloid form,
Balsam Peru, Oleum Ricini, Oleum
Olivae, Styrae liq. Ung. Acid Boric,
Ung. Hydrarg., Ciner. Ung. Zinci, Iodo-
form, Formaldehyde, Lanolin, Acid
Carbol. Pur. Liq. Alumini, Acet. Tinet
Myrris, Tinet Opium, Gelsolin Capsules,
Chloroform, Another, Spt Camphor, and
a few gross of Medicine Bottles, etc., etc.

Also
A number of Tubes of Hypodermic
Injections of Morphia, Cocaine, etc., etc.,
and about 200 Tubes of Salvarsan.

Also
Several cases of medicated Cotton
Wool, Bandages, Iodoform Gaze, etc.,
etc.

N.B.—Several lines of the above
drugs are now practically unobtainable
owing to the War.
Catalogues will be issued.
On view from Friday the 28th inst.
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Sept. 15, 1917. 2093

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY,
the 24th September, 1917, commencing at
4.45 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF
VALUABLE POSTAGE STAMPS.

Including many rare varieties.
Catalogues will be issued.
On view from Monday the 28th October.
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Sept. 15, 1917. 2119

STRENGTH AND ENERGY FOR TIRED FOLKS

How Run Down, Nerve Sick,
Discouraged Men and Women
are Finding New Nerves,
New Health, New Life,
New Courage

WHEN the alarm clock rang this morning did you bound from bed wide awake, bright-eyed, clear-minded and whistle while you dressed? Did you go to breakfast with the appetite of a horse and leave for work feeling "fit, brimful of ideas and energy, ready to do your work with a will?"

Not if you're the average citizen. You stretched and yawned and said, "another day" and you arose slowly feeling vaguely dependent and uneasy and not a bit rested. The day's tasks were a thing to dread. Something nasty had crawled in your mouth and slept there all night. You had no appetite, your work was unmechanical and lacked purpose. True you got in the rut finally and pulled through after a fashion, but you weren't a success and you realized it. You lacked ambition, energy, vim, nerve force and you couldn't concentrate. There was no joy or happiness in the day's work or the reward it brought you.

Such symptoms don't necessarily prove that you are ill, but they are certain indications of weakened nerve force and evidence that your nerve cells are not being properly nourished and strengthened.

Your whole system—mental and physical—is below par and you are only 50 per cent. efficient—just half your real self. In such a condition you can do nothing better or get quicker action than by taking a few weeks' treatment of the wonderful remedy called Sargol. This is the most remarkable nerve-restorer found for putting back the "good old pep" in folks who are chronically tired, demoralized or run down. The chief reason for its success is that it contains some of the most important elements of active living nerve force. Sargol acts quickly. It gets straightway into your nerve cells and blood and freshens and brightens you right up. It gives you ambition, courage, will power and real vital vim and does not contain a single habit-forming drug. It is always safe, easy, pleasant and efficient.

A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd., The Victoria Dispensary, The Pharmacy, Queen's Dispensary, The Edward Dispensary and leading chemists everywhere sell it—40 tablets to a package.

A few years ago Sargol was awarded a gold medal and diploma of honor at Brussels, Belgium.

AUCTION.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY,
the 25th September, 1917, commencing
at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,
Des Vaux Road, Corner of
Ice House Street.

VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND
BLACKWOOD FURNITURE,
BRASS BEDSTEADS, CURTAINS,
CARPETS, PICTURES,
etc., etc.

As follows:—
Upholstered Suites, Arm-chairs and
Sofas, Card Tables, Bedroom Furni-
ture, comprising Double and Single
Bedsteads, Bedsteads and Twin
Bedsteads, Sideboards, Dinner Waggon,
Extension Dining Tables and Chair,
Tea and Occasional Tables, etc., Dinner
Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cooking
Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, etc., Bath
Room Utensils, Roll-top Desks and
Writing Tables, Sundry Electro-Plated
Ware, etc.

Electric Reading Lamps, Blackwood
and Teakwood Screens, Sunray Black-
wood Furniture, including Large 6-Fold
Lamp, Lamps, Pictures, etc., etc.,
Lamps, Poles and Netting.

A few lots of Turkish Bath Sheets,
Towels, Single and Double Bed Sheets,
Bed Quilts, etc.

Also
One Large Bull Clock,
PIANO by Collard & Collard,
Shiedmayer & Soehne,
Stuttgart.

One Fair Old Pekinese Brass Lions.
Full Particulars from Catalogue.)

Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Sept. 15, 1917. 2123

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

THURSDAY,
the 27th September, 1917, at 2.30 p.m.,
on the premises of the Hongkong and
Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co.,
Kowloon, (Godown No. 25).

The following SUNDY GOODS:—
3 Large rolls of Composition Runner
for machinery rooms, (3 feet wide),
1 x 40 gallon oak heavy Oil, (2
crates of Glass Jars,
10 x 40 gallon Drums Carbolicum,
3 x 10 gallon Drums Spirits of Wine,
70 bags Bone Nut,
3 bags Shell "blacktips,"
30 bags Coena Nibe (damaged),
7 cases Shell "blacktips,"
20 cases Mineral Water "Sauer
brunn,"

Also
Immediately following the above sale,
(in Godown 25), on the same premises,
the undermentioned (in bond):
11 cases Houses of Lords Whisky,
20 cases of Beer,
On view from Tuesday the 25th inst.
at 6.00 p.m.
Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Sept. 14, 1917. 2105

RUSSIA'S MENTAL CHAOS.

Discussing the "Mental Indigestion" from which Russia is suffering an American contemporary says:—

The Maximalists, to whose propaganda the disorganization in the army is attributed, are the followers of Nicholas Lenin, who is determined to secure the establishment of a Socialist Utopia of the most radical sort where capital shall be no more. They are violently opposed to any further offensive against the Germans, and the Petrograd Pravda, indulges in arguments of this sort to prevent it.

"Who will guarantee the safety of the capital from German invasion if warlike enterprises continue?" Those who preach an offensive are merely helping Wilhelm. Revolution is blazing in Germany. The partisans of an offensive will enable Wilhelm to extinguish the flames.

Then we have the followers of Maxim Gorky, who want a Utopia, but do not seem to have quite made up their minds as regards the type. At any rate, they want no further offensive, and profoundly distrust their allies. Thus Gorky's paper, the Petrograd Novaya Zhizn, opines:—
"Any, even the least, increase in the defensive powers of the country without corresponding political steps in the direction of peace is a direct continuation of the disorganised laughter in the interests of imperialism and a stab in the back of Austro-German democracy, which has joined her efforts with us in the struggle for peace."

That a complete victory by England would be Europe's deliverance from the "militaristic" hegemony of Germany is obvious. Of greater complexity is the other question. How much would the "liberated" nations have gained? Would they not have fallen from the frying-pan into the fire?

Next to the question of a vigorous offensive comes that of peace—a peace according to the much-chanted formula, "without annexations and without indemnities."

The Minimalists, a group of Socialists who are more moderate than the followers of Lenin, have curious views upon this subject and seem to desire the utmost tenderness shown to our common enemy. Thus their organ, the Petrograd Rabotchny Gazeta, writes:—"We should betray the principle of international solidarity if we wanted to impose the whole burden of the war upon one nation only, the Germans, for instance. By doing so we should crush German culture, paralyze for long the economic development of Germany, Belgium, Serbia, and the other countries must be restored, but let the cost of their restoration be borne more or less equally by the winning classes of Europe."

The Revolutionary Socialists—Russia seems to possess a perfect Socialist kaleidoscope—cling to the "no annexation, no indemnity" formula, but demand vigorous action. One of their papers, the Petrograd Dielo Naroda, discussing Russia's military position since the Revolution, remarked:—
"We must recognize the impossibility of further prolonging the indefinite—not to use a harsher word—international situation taken up by the Russian Republic for three long months. Russia then practically left the ranks of the belligerent Powers—left them automatically, inasmuch as the complete negation of our original war-aims could not but paralyze our military activity at the front."

"There are only two ways of issuing from this situation: either by a separate peace or by a re-establishment of the unity of fronts. The first method, has been repudiated by the Russian Revolutionary Democracy with full unanimity. It would seem, then, that we have no alternative but to resume the strategical and political unity of the Allied fronts. But, in our opinion, it would be tantamount to a surrender of our revolutionary foreign policy, at the discretion of the Allies, if we assumed the offensive before receiving firm guarantees of the Allies' adherence to the watchword, 'peace without annexation.'"

The Petrograd Zemlia e Volia, another Revolutionary Socialist organ, and the Moscow Russkaya Vedomosti, an old-established and moderately radical paper, join in urging a vigorous offensive as Russia's first duty. The Zemlia e Volia says:—"It is necessary to attack, we must attack—an intense and successful struggle is necessary before peace can be obtained."

The Russkaya Vedomosti considers that:—"The duty to our allies and to our own interests dictates to us the necessity of resuming active operations. Much is being said now about peace and its possible terms. But so long as peace has not been concluded, so long as the war lasts, it must be conducted in such a manner as to gain victory and avert the possibility of defeat. And for that there is only one means—we must be prepared not only for defense, but also for offense."

The older-established papers recognize and admit the chaotic condition of the popular mind. The Petrograd Izvestia remarks:—
"A considerable section of our press has manifested a truly astounding shortsightedness and lack of political thought. It has put and solved the question of peace as the 'man in the street' with his limited political field of vision would have done, and these decisions have been boldly and categorically represented to be the decisions reached by all the people, at least by the 'labouring' element. Then they were advanced in the form of definite demands for 'repudiation of annexations and indemnities,' and soon this ambiguous and equivocal formula became a kind of fetish, a sacred commandment, a symbol of democratic faith. Along with people who are convinced of its justice and legitimacy, it has got hold of large masses of tired and disappointed people who are instinctively yearning for peace, who are awed by the perspective of a severe struggle which is yet necessary in order to achieve the fundamental aim common to us and our allies, to strike a decisive blow to the military power of Germany. Owing to this (the cheap phrase about the war being conducted by 'capitalists' for their material interests at once gained immense success. Those who opposed it were reminded about the vital interests of Russia, about the obligations assumed, and finally, that no power except the will of the people, expressed through the Constituent Assembly, has a right to fix the terms of peace, and they were declared to be capitalists who were warring Russia to the ruin."

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JUST TWO TO-NIGHT

are all you need of Pinkettes to
dispel constipation, "liverishness," sick
head, etc., etc.

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THE NEW YORK REMEDY
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WATSON'S BRANDY.

Superior Old Cognac.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS

Telephone No. 616.

To-day's Advertisements

V. R. C. AQUATIC SPORTS.

LADIES' RACE.

50 YARDS (2 LENGTHS) HANDICAP.
SPECIAL dressing boxes have been erected ensuring complete privacy. Ladies intending to compete are asked to attend at the V.R.C. any day between 10 a.m. and noon or 1 p.m. and 2.30 p.m. when one of the Landladies will be present to time them over the distance. Entries close on Monday 24th inst.

R. C. WITCHELL,
Honorary Secretary.

Hongkong, Sept. 21, 1917. 2127

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from "The Official Administrator to sell by Public Auction, on

MONDAY,

the 24th September, 1917, at 12 noon at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, the CLOTHING and EFFECTS of the late J. B. JOHNSTONE.

Terms - as usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Sept. 21, 1917. 2128

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERN), on

MONDAY,

the 1st October, 1917, at 10.45 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,

TWO LARGE HAND PRINTING PRESSES.

Terms - Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Sept. 21, 1917. 2129

(Continued on Page 8.)

THE CALENDAR.

MEMOS FOR TO-MORROW.

9 p.m.—Police Reserve Band Night in the Public Gardens.
10.15 a.m.—Auction of White Goods, Dress Materials, etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.
11.30 a.m.—Auction of Brass Ware, Surtout Vases, Tea Sets, etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

General Memoranda.

44. FRIDAY, Sept. 21.—

Entries close for V.R.C. Annual Aquatic Sports.

TUESDAY, Sept. 25.—

2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture, Bedsteads, Piano, etc. etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 26.—

5.30 p.m.—H.K. St. Andrew Society's Meeting.

9.15 p.m.—Open Air Concert at Belma May Institute.

THURSDAY, Sept. 27.—

Settlement Day: Hongkong Stock Exchange.

12.15 p.m.—Union Insurance Society's Extra General Meeting.

2.30 p.m.—Auction of Sundry Goods at Kowloon Godowns.

5.30 p.m.—Kowloon Cricket Club's Annual General Meeting.

THURS. 27, Fri. 28 & Sat. 29 Sept.—

V.R.C. Annual Aquatic Sports.

SATURDAY, Sept. 29.—

10.30 a.m.—Auction of Drugs, Chemicals, Hospital Sundries, etc. etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

Noon.—Douglas Steamship Co's. Meeting.

SUNDAY, Sept. 30.—

Al Fresco Fete in aid of Society of St. Vincent de Paul.

MONDAY, Oct. 1.—

October Criminal Sessions commence.

4.31 a.m.—Fall Moon.

MONDAY, Oct. 8.—

General Holiday.

Tuesday, Oct. 9.—

4.45 p.m.—Auction of Pottery Stamps at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Affiliated Hospitals begs to acknowledge with thanks, the following donation to the funds of the Hospitals:—

Insurance Coys Guild... \$200

Attention is drawn to an advertisement in an adjoining column regarding the Ladies' Race at the forthcoming V.R.C. Aquatic Sports. We have been requested to mention that the ladies dressing boxes are conveniently placed and that complete privacy is assured.

A Chinese school boy of Sha Po Village in Ai-tau district has reported to the Police that on the 19th instant a gang of ten men armed with knives and pickaxes made their way into the village. They forced an entry into four houses and stole a quantity of jewellery and clothing and departed.

The Annual General Meeting of members of the Kowloon Cricket Club will take place at the club house on Thursday 27th inst. at 5.30 p.m. instead of on Wednesday 26th inst. as advertised. The change is being made on account of the St. Andrew's Society's Meeting being held next Wednesday.

We have been asked to mention again that Kowloon Cricket Club will be "At Home" to-morrow from 4 p.m. Mrs. P. R. Wolff will present the prizes in connection with the recent Tennis Tournament. The programme for the afternoon includes tennis and croquet. Tea will be served. By kind permission of Major Ardoin and Officers of the 74th Panjabis, their band will be in attendance.

The attention of the postal censors might be drawn to the fact that the Germans are still using the British post services for their propaganda. We have received to-day for instance in an envelope bearing a Danish postmark a sheet printed in English, French and Spanish bearing the title "La Correspondance Politique de l'Europe Centrale" which has its office in Zurich (Switzerland). The feature of the news is correspondence from Berlin, and the nature of it is quite in keeping with the usual output of the Wolff Bureau.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Mr. G. T. Edkins and Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe returned to the Colony to-day from the North.

The Reverend J. Kirk Macdonald has returned to the Colony from a holiday in Japan and will conduct the service in Union Church on Sunday.

Mr. Alfred Carroll Hunter, of Hartington Road, Liverpool, formerly of Shanghai, has retired merchant, who gives £500 among certain religious charities, left estate of the value of £2,266.

Captain Thomas Cecil Boyd, Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, who died on July 21 from wounds received on July 5, was the younger son of Mrs. Boyd, 27, Roland Gardens, S.W., and a grandson of Mr. T. W. Richardson, of Swatow, China.

The death is announced at Weihaiwei of Mr. A. S. Wilson, a partner in the firm of Messrs. Platt, McLeod and Wilson, solicitors, of Shanghai. The deceased gentleman, who was about 40 years of age, had been suffering from rheumatic fever.

H. E. The Governor was "At Home" at Mountain Lodge yesterday afternoon. The weather was delightful, and sufficiently cool on the top of the Peak to make tennis enjoyable. Several courts were occupied. The Band of the Middlesex Regiment was in attendance and altogether a pleasant afternoon was spent by a fairly large gathering.

Particulars have reached the Malay States of how Brig-General A. B. Hubback (designer of the Kowloon railway station) received his wound. He was in the front line with his Brigade-Major, when suddenly the enemy began shelling. Both took refuge in a dug-out, but a shell burst at the entrance and wounded both. Brig-General Hubback got a big piece of shell in his thigh, just escaping the bone. He was at once taken to a hospital in Belgium (being operated on the same night), and was not expected to be recovered for five weeks. On July 15 he was able to write, and said he was very comfortable in the beautifully equipped hospital.

CHINESE AFFAIRS.

["Chinese Mail" Service.]

A FINANCIAL COUNCIL.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 20.
The Financial Council was formally established yesterday with Liang Kai Chiu as chairman and Chan Hou Dai and Wong Kwan vice-chairmen, and 25 officers.

LUK WING TING'S DEMAND.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 20.
Luk Wing Ting's latest policy with regard to the Parliament, demands that a definite date shall be stated for convening Parliament and also that the old Members shall be eligible. He pays special attention to the question of the election of a new President and Vice-President next year.

LUNG CHAI KWONG'S UNPAID TROOPS.

PEKING, Sept. 20.
Lung Chai Kwong has telegraphed stating that his soldiers have not been paid since May, by the Canton Government and he therefore requests payment by the Central Government. The request has been handed over to the War Ministry for decision.

TROOPS FOR EUROPE.

PEKING, Sept. 20.
Arrangement is on foot, in Peking, to raise a volunteer corps of 100,000 soldiers for Europe, the cost to be defrayed by public subscription.

THE PRESIDENT'S BODY GUARDS.

PEKING, Sept. 20.
The President has transferred his own body-guards and the Sixth and Fifteenth Divisions from Nanking to Peking.

LADY MAY ROSE FUND.

"OUR DAY," THURSDAY, 19TH OCTOBER.

Mr. L. N. Leefe, Hon. Secretary of the "Our Day" Committee, informs us that the Committee, appointed by the Executive Committee of the War Charities to arrange the celebration of "Our Day," has decided to repeat the Sale of Roses which was so successful and prominent a feature of the proceedings a year ago. Subscriptions to the Lady May Rose Fund will now be gratefully received, and applications for roses should be addressed to Lady May, Government House, with the envelope marked "Rose Fund." Cheques should be made payable to Lady May and crossed. In view of the fact that Lady May has not yet returned to the Colony it is important that the marking "Rose Fund" be not omitted, otherwise applications will not be opened. Several generous donors, whose names will be published later, have very kindly defrayed the cost of the roses, and it is fervently hoped that the proceeds of the Sale of Roses will exceed even those of a year ago.

Lord Lansdowne stated recently that the needs of the British Red Cross were now not less than £3,000 a day, so the call is pressing. The number of subscribers and the amounts subscribed will be notified daily in the Press.

"OUR DAY."

LADY MAY ROSE FUND.

The under-mentioned subscription has been received and is gratefully acknowledged.

Messrs. Carmichael and Clarke. \$500
L. N. LEFE,
Hon. Secretary,
"Our Day."

CHRONIC DIARRHOEA.

ARE you subject to attacks of diarrhoea? Keep absolutely quiet for a few days, and it is possible to cure your complaint. This medicine has cured cases of chronic diarrhoea that physicians have failed to cure and it will cure you. For sale by all Chemists and Dispensaries.

THE MAGISTRACY.

OPIUM IN AN UMBRELLA.

A Chinese woman, described as a widow, was charged with the unlawful possession of two and one-half taels of prepared opium other than Government opium. Defendant was arrested while boarding the S.S. Sunning yesterday, and the opium was found concealed in her umbrella.

In answer to the charge defendant told His Worship that she came down to Hongkong to look for her niece, but could not find her. She had no money for her return passage to Canton, and a man offered to pay her fare if she carried the opium for him.

After hearing further evidence Mr. Wood fined the defendant \$150 with the alternative of six weeks' hard labour.

AN OPIUM DIVAN.

Eight Chinese were charged this morning before Mr. Wood with keeping an opium divan in Wing Fung Street, Wanchai.

Defendants pleaded guilty and after hearing the evidence His Worship fined the first two defendants \$100 or six weeks' hard labour and the rest were fined \$2 each or five days.

POCKET-PICKING IN A CINEMA.

The case was resumed this afternoon before Mr. Dyer Ball, in which a Chinese was charged with attempting to pick the pocket of another Chinese, in the Empire Cinema on the 12th inst. Mr. Lo appeared for the prosecution and Mr. Preston defended.

After hearing the evidence His Worship said that in consideration of defendant's father being a respectable man he would not sentence defendant to imprisonment until \$50. He proposed to fine defendant \$50 with the alternative of two months' hard labour.

TO-MORROW'S CONCERT IN THE PUBLIC GARDENS.

His Excellency the Governor has announced his intention to be present at the concert to be given under the auspices of the Police Reserve to-morrow evening in the Botanical Gardens which will be illuminated for the occasion. The following is the programme of the concert:—

- PART 1.
1. Overture—"William Tell".....Rossini. Band of the 74th Panjabis.
 2. Waltz—"Beautiful Spring".....Linske. Orchestra of the H.K.P. Reserve.
 3. Baritone Solo—"When you hear the horn".....W. H. Squire. Mr. A. Hyde Lay.
 4. Selection—"The Girl in the Taxi".....Home. Band of the 74th Panjabis.
 5. Soprano Solo—"Fallen Roses".....A. F. Tate. Mrs. C. W. Bewick.
 - 6a) Entr' Act—"Spring Dream".....A. King. Orchestra of the H.K.P. Reserve.
 - 6b) Spanish Serenade—"La Paloma".....Yradier.

Interval.

- PART 2.
1. Overture—"Morning, Noon, and Night".....Suppe. The Orchestra of the H.K.P. (H.K.P. C. P. Hay).
 2. Baritone Solo—"Selected".....Meyerbeer.
 3. Selection—"Les Huguenots".....The Orchestra of the H.K.P. (H.K.P. C. P. Hay).
 4. Soprano Solo—"Unlil".....Sanderson. Miss Camille Castro.
 5. Selection—"The Belle of New York".....Kerker.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

DEATH OF MR. P. J. BUCKLAND.

Many in Hongkong will regret to learn of the death of Mr. P. J. Buckland, who for nearly twenty years was a resident of Hongkong and was widely known throughout the Far East. He died at home on the 19th inst. His age was 42.

Mr. Buckland, came to Hongkong from home in 1897 to join the staff of Messrs. Holmes, Ringer & Co., with whom he remained until August 1915, when he returned home with his family to take charge of the business in Europe of Messrs. Fing & Co., of Hakodadi, in which he had been admitted to partnership. News of a serious illness reached Hongkong a few months ago, but the last report is understood, was that he was making good progress to recovery. Mr. Buckland was married at the Nagasaki English Church, in October, 1902, to Miss Margaret Carter, and there are two children. During the last few years of his residence in Nagasaki, Mr. Buckland travelled extensively in the Far East on business, and he had many friends in all the ports from Manila northwards. He was for some years Hon. Secretary of the Nagasaki Club. From 1908 until he went home he was Consul for Denmark and some other countries.

Mr. Buckland was the youngest and only surviving son of Mr. Henry Buckland of South Woodford, Essex. There are three sisters living, one, Mrs. F. E. Ringer, residing now in Nagasaki. Exactly two months ago, adds the Nagasaki Press, we recorded the death of Mr. R. F. Inman, a well-known resident of Nagasaki, who was a friend of Mr. Buckland. They were at school together, and were both on the staff of Messrs. Holmes, Ringer & Co. at Nagasaki for almost the same term of years. Mr. Inman was a "best man" at Mr. Buckland's wedding, and at the former's wedding reception the principal toast was proposed by Mr. Buckland.

COMPANY REPORT.

THE DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

The report for presentation to the shareholders at the thirty-fourth ordinary general meeting to be held at the offices of the Company on Saturday, the 29th day of September, is as follows:—

The General Managers beg to submit to the Shareholders their report on the Thirty-fourth year's working of the Company, ending June 30th, 1917.

After paying all Running Expenses, Docking Charges, Premiums of Insurance, Bonus to Captains and Officers of Steamers, Remuneration to Consulting Committee and Auditors' Fees, the amount at credit of Profit and Loss Account is \$350,829.24 out of which an Interim Dividend of 10 per cent. was paid on 4th April last amounting \$100,000.00 and subject to the approval of Shareholders it is proposed to appropriate the Balance remaining, as follows:—

To pay a Final Dividend of 2 per cent. (\$1.00 per share).....	\$20,000.00
To pay a Bonus of .8 per cent. (\$4.80 per share).....	80,000.00
To write off from the value of the Company's Steamers and Properties.....	77,829.24
To place to Reserve Fund.....	\$2,000.00
	\$250,829.24

During the year coastwise freights and charters were very satisfactory and but for the requisitioning by the Government of two of the steamers during the last three months the results would have been much better.

The Steamers and other Properties of the Company have been maintained in good order.

CONSULTING COMMITTEE.

Hon. Mr. David Landale resigned on leaving the Colony, his place being taken by Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton.

The Committee now consists of Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton, Mr. A. O. Laing and Hon. Mr. B. G. Sheehan who retire but offer themselves for re-election.

AUDITORS.

The Accounts have been audited by Messrs. A. R. Lowe and C. Bernard Brown who retire but offer themselves for re-election.

THE SERVICE DOLLAR.

THE CHINA ASSOCIATION'S INTEREST.

In his speech at the annual meeting of the China Association, in London on July 31st, the major portion of which was given in the *China Mail* of Tuesday last, the Chairman (Mr. F. Anderson) made the following reference to the pay grievance of the Service men in the Far East:—

We have drawn attention to the great hardship caused by the rise in exchange suffered by all officials in the Far East, and also by naval and military officers there who are paid in sterling. The hardship is enhanced by the increased cost of living. In a telegram from our Hongkong branch it is stated that the Hongkong Government has granted their Civil Service the privilege of drawing four-fifths of their pay of the pre-war rate of 1s. 6d. to the dollar, but officers of the Army and Navy stationed there are receiving their pay at over 2s. 7d. to the dollar—the difference is roughly 114 dollars to the £ as compared with 71 dollars. In the Treaty Ports the reduction in the number of dollars to the £ is even greater. The hardship is so great we hope that the favourable consideration already given in some cases by H.M. Government will be extended to all the services.

We may add that the Service dollar is now 3/-.

ST. JOHN'S AMBULANCE BRIGADE.

No. 1 HONGKONG V.A.D.

The annual "Efficiency Test" will take place after the Lecture at the Military Hospital on Friday 28th inst.

All members of the Detachment and experts to be present at 10.15 a.m. wearing uniform, badges, and any medals they may have been awarded.

The following have been passed as "Efficient" for the year ending Sept. 30th 1917.

In First Aid.—Mrs. Alabaster, Mrs. Armstrong, Mrs. Bowley, Mrs. Constand, Miss Oshison, Mrs. Danby, Mrs. Gegg, Mrs. Goldsmith, Mrs. Brotherton Barker, Mrs. Hastings, Mrs. Hayward, Miss Judd, Mrs. Leask, Mrs. Mansfield, Mrs. J. W. Taylor, Miss Wilkinson, and Miss Turner.

In Home Nursing.—Mrs. Goldsmith, Miss Judd, Miss Lander, Mrs. Mansfield and Miss Pacey.

Acting Adjutant & Hon. Secy.

COMMERCIAL.

HONGKONG FREIGHT MARKET.

Messrs. Shawman & Co's Freight Circular, dated 15th September, states:—

The general tone of our market has remained very quiet since we last reported under date of 8th inst. Little business has been effected although the demand for boats on timecharter is still very strong and rates asked become increasingly firm. In the local rice market there is only small demand and the Hongkong rate, which, when we last wrote, stood at about 35 cents per picul, has shown a weakening tendency. Figures reported in the interval are those of a medium sized regular steamer at 35 cents, two further rates at 30 and 27 cents, a large Dutch steamer at 35 cents and a small outsider at 30 cents. The market closes at a little over this last figure with indications that possibly 30 cents per picul might be obtained.

Exports of rice from Saigon from 1st January to 21st August 1917, amount to 653,557 tons as compared with 675,327 tons for the same period last year. Quotation for No. 2 White round sited rice stands at \$7.00 per picul, f.o.b. Saigon for August/September shipments.

Saigon/Philippines.—No local fixing is reported. Philippine own tonnage being sufficient to cater for the Islands demands. We are advised, however, that some of the tonnage previously fixed at about Pesos 1.35 has been rechartered at about Pesos 1.50 per picul.

Saigon/Java.—Tonnage could still be placed in this direction. The rate stands, nominally, at about \$1.50 but this could most probably be improved upon.

Bangkok Hongkong.—The freight rate has fallen considerably, quotations on going to press being made of \$1.20 \$1.10 f.i.r. inside/outside but lowering respectively by with little tonnage offered, very possibly due to the fact that the Government of Siam is reported to be regulating all supplies incoming from the hinterland to Bangkok and therefore possibly the present fall is only in the nature of being a temporary one.

Newchwang/Canton.—We have nothing to report.

Cool.—Rates from Japan to southern ports still maintain their strong tone and medium sized tonnage could be placed with little effort. Locally little business has been effected due to scarcity of tonnage but enquiries are in the market for both this and coastsports.

Sail Tonnage Loading or to Load.—Nil.

TREATMENT OF GERMANS AFTER THE WAR.

VIEWS OF THE PENANG CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

At the half yearly general meeting of the Penang Chamber of Commerce held on the 3rd inst., the Hon. Mr. A. F. Goodrich (Messrs. Sandilands, Sutterly & Co.) the Chairman, in the course of his speech said:—

The Members for the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce proposed a motion to the Council to the effect that "Germans should not be admitted into the Colony for a period of five or ten years after peace had been declared." The resolution was defeated by the official vote, but was subsequently passed unanimously at a general meeting of the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce, and in public opinion. We obtained fifty copies of a pamphlet issued by the Hongkong Chamber, giving an account of these meetings, and we circulated same among our members. You have no doubt all read this pamphlet. Your Committee gave it their very careful consideration, and while they sympathise with the resolutions, they think the recommendations they made last year to the Colonial Government go as far as is necessary. These were as follows:—

- (a) If our present enemies were to be allowed to trade, they should only do so under the following restrictions:—
- (b) Under special licence of the local Government and be at all times subject to an adaptation of the laws controlling Limited Liability Companies.
- (c) The turnover value of their trade to be subject to a tax.
- (d) They shall not be allowed to be representative Agents of British manufacturers or British commercial undertakings.

I would lay particular stress on the last recommendation, as in the past it represented in many cases the only solid part of their business. It is a lamentable fact that in pre-war days a number of British manufacturers preferred to be represented by Germans rather than by their own countrymen. It is difficult to understand what advantage they imagined they gained by their attitude, but presumably they considered the pernicious long credits and underhand methods of the German trader resulted in a larger turnover. We know from investigations that the German merchant used the profits made on lucrative British agencies to underbid the British merchant in other lines of business. After the war, therefore, it should be made illegal for any German firm, should Germans be allowed back here, to hold a British agency. One lesson this war has taught us is that one cannot tell the treatment of the Germans was made folly. Let us hope that the British Imperial Conference can arrive at a definite Imperial policy before peace comes. (Applause.)

RHEUMATISM.

HAVE you ever tried Chamberlain's Pain Expeller? It not only cures rheumatism, but also all the other pains of the body. It is a simple, safe, and reliable remedy, and you will be surprised and delighted at the relief obtained. For sale by all Chemists and Dispensaries.

TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

GERMANY KNOWS SHE CANNOT WIN THE WAR.

HOW THE ALLIES INTERPRET RECENT REPORTS.

LONDON, Sept. 20. Reuter understands that the following is the view in British well-informed quarters regarding the attitude of Great Britain and the Allies towards the recent general, but often contradictory, statements in the enemy Press, particularly the German Press, concerning the foreboding intentions to make "concessions" in Belgium and elsewhere. These have not passed unnoticed, but the Allied Governments have in no wise failed to appraise them at their true value, and to realise that, at bottom, they express the fact that Germany knows she cannot win the war.

It is perfectly well understood that Germany is now seeking, in view of the recent events on the North-Eastern Front, to impress upon the German public that her military position is now such that she can suggest, in some specious fashion, a plan of action that would satisfy the pan-Germans and might also appeal to the pacifists in the Allied countries. "It is, therefore, just as well that those in the Central Powers who are harkening to this so-called peace movement, should realise that their machinations in no wise deceive the Allies, whose views and determinations regarding the kind of peace they will accept have undergone, and can undergo no modification whatever.

As far as the Allies are concerned, no end to the war is possible until the end for which this terrible conflict was commenced, and has endured for over three years has been attained, namely, the final disappearance of Prussian militarism. Only those possessing the Prussian mentality can regard without horror the double loss of life and treasure deliberately brought about by Germany in this war, and in this sense it is true that the Allies would welcome peace, but the enemy efforts to disguise the real issue are as hopeless as they are characteristic.

THE QUESTION OF BELGIUM.

POLITICAL LEADER'S VISIT TO GERMAN HEADQUARTERS.

LONDON, Sept. 20. The *Tages-Zeitung* states that Count Westarp, the leader of the Conservative party of the Reichstag, has gone to Headquarters on the invitation of Field-Marshal von Hindenburg, to discuss the question of Belgium.

The interview is considered to be of great importance.

SUCCESSES AGAINST SUBMARINES.

AUTHORITATIVE STATEMENTS.

LONDON, Sept. 20. It is authoritatively stated that the anti-submarine measures are meeting with success and a further reduction of losses may be expected. It can be stated, on official authority, that the results of the method adopted during the past month justify the growing confidence.

A Naval officer states:—"No sensational inventions are being used and no sensational results are to be expected. The sinkings will continue but the submarine is defeated. If the public knew what we know they would not experience the slightest anxiety. Good results are being secured from a new smoke cloud defence system, whereby dozens of ships have been saved."

The system whereby smoke boxes are thrown overboard and throw out smoke clouds concealing ships has been in use for months by British ships, the great majority of which are supplied with smoke boxes.

THE KING'S TOUR.

LONDON, Sept. 20. The King has concluded his tour of the west of Scotland and reviewed, at Glasgow, 200 survivors of torpedoed merchantmen including those of the *Lusitania*.

His Majesty congratulated the stewardesses of the *Lusitania* on their recovery from their terrible experience and he also congratulated an apprentice on winning the Distinguished Conduct Medal during a fight with a submarine.

AFFAIRS IN RUSSIA.

EXILES IN FINLAND.

RETROGRAD, Sept. 20. The Helsinki Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates has consented to the Government's demand to send back to Petrograd the exiles who were held up, whilst traversing Finland.

THE ATTITUDE OF THE CADETS' PARTY.

RETROGRAD, Sept. 20. The committee of the Cadets' party has passed a resolution urging the Cadets not to participate in the Democratic Conference for the settlement of the question of a power to lead the country pending the sitting of the Constituent Assembly, because the Conference would only reflect the views of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates and consequently not give effect to the country's position.

RUSSIANS DRIVE BACK THE ENEMY.

UNSUCCESSFUL ENEMY OFFENSIVE IN RIGA REGION.

LONDON, Sept. 20. A Russian official message states:—"We drove back, with great losses, an enemy offensive to the east of Lemberg, in the direction of Riga."

The enemy recaptured a sector of positions to the south of Grodzki.

GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, Sept. 20. A German official message states:—"A Russian attack, to the west of Arbura in Bukovina, was driven back. The enemy is again endeavouring to advance."

FRENCH SHIPPING REPORT.

PARIS, Sept. 20. The French shipping report for the week ending September 15, shows:—
Arrivals..... 950
Departures..... 824
Vessels sunk (over 1,500 tons)..... 2
Vessels sunk (under 1,500 tons)..... 2
Vessels unsuccessfully attacked..... 2

THE QUEBEC BRIDGE.

QUEBEC, Sept. 20. The Quebec bridge span is now raised 30 feet. The engineers have ordered that hoisting shall not exceed two feet in fourteen minutes.

CYCLONE IN AUSTRALIA.

SYDNEY, Sept. 20. A remarkable cyclone swept over the country, causing widespread damage, and two deaths. Other deaths are feared.

AUSTRALIAN TAX ON UNENLISTED MEN WITHDRAWN.

MELBOURNE, Sept. 20. Owing to the opposition of Ministerial supporters, the Government has decided to withdraw the proposed tax on men who have not enlisted.

The Government now proposes a five per cent. super-tax on the incomes of all bachelors and widowers, irrespective of age.

AUSTRALIAN WAR-TIME PROFITS BILL.

MELBOURNE, Sept. 20. The Senate has passed the War-time Profits Bill which offers a bounty of 2½ per gallon of oil produced in Australia during the next four years.

THE COTTON INDUSTRY.

LONDON, Sept. 20. The Cotton Control Board has approved of a scheme to allow dealings in "futures," on the Liverpool Market, from October 1, in all positions commencing from January to August, and with little restriction.

The basis of the grades of cotton agreed upon is "Good Middling," instead of "Middling," which change will make the business more free between the merchant and the buyer.

THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, Sept. 20. Silver is quoted at 58½d. There is a scarcity of supplies and the Market closed firm with buyers, but nothing offered.

Mr. J. F. Hore (a Lord of the Treasury), replying to a question in the House, said, there were indications that the treatment of British prisoners in Germany had become worse, but there was every reason to hope for an improvement as a result of the Peace Conference.

ARGENTINE AND GERMANY.

SENATE VOTES FOR SEVERANCE OF RELATIONS.

Buenos Aires, Sept. 20. The Senate has almost unanimously voted in favour of a severance of relations with Germany. The resolution now goes to the Chamber of Deputies.

Public feeling in favour of the passage of the resolution is very strong.

THE LUXBURG AFFAIR.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20. It is officially announced, in connection with Sweden's reply to the Luxburg affair, in which it was stated that the United States Minister at Stockholm obtained permission in special cases, to transmit messages, that no messages were transmitted for Germany, to or from Berlin, through the United States State Department without the latter knowing their contents.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE NEW FRENCH GOVERNMENT.

NO SECRET DIPLOMACY.

PARIS, Sept. 19. In the course of the debate in the French Chamber on the motion of confidence in the new Government, interpellations regarding the Cabinet's war measures and aims demanded a reply to the enemy peace manoeuvres in the shape of the Stockholm Conference and the Papal Note.

M. Painleve, the Premier, replied that France adhered to President Wilson's reply to the Pope.

M. Ribot, Minister of Foreign Affairs, when asked to fulfil a promise to publish the inter-Allied agreements, said that France had no secret diplomacy. She was ready to reveal everything, but she must act in concert with the Allies.

It was Petrolat that asked him to defer the publication of the inter-Allied treaties.

Continuing, M. Ribot reiterated that France not merely claimed Alsace-Lorraine, but reparation for the destruction wrought by the inhuman enemy and guarantees of a durable peace. In not answering the Pope's Note France was in agreement with Great Britain, Italy and Russia.

THE ALLIES AND THE PAPAL NOTES.

M. Ribot, in the course of his speech emphasised that the nearer the end of the war came the more careful must the Allies be to baffle the enemy manoeuvres designed to separate and weaken them. Germany knew the Allies would be victorious if they remained united; hence her sole aim now was to effect disunion. France's sacrifices entitled her to hold her head high; she deserved the world's admiration, and she demanded only justice, an indispensable preliminary to which was the restoration of Alsace-Lorraine and reparation for the criminal destruction of her invaded territories. Without these a durable peace was impossible. "She must also have guarantees which are only existent in the will of the nation. What will be the value of the signature of the German Government if the German people are not behind it?" (Cheers.)

Referring to the Pope's Note M. Ribot asked, "Must we admit the high authority of the Pope and reply to all invitations to conferences? Who, above all, desire us to reply? Those who themselves refuse to answer questions. We replied to President Wilson when he asked what were our war aims. Who did not reply to him? The Central Empires did not reply. It is now announced they are going to reply, but must be pointed out that even in the Pope's Note the passage concerning Belgium far from satisfies the universal conscience. Whatever our enemies promise us, even to the extent of agreeing to restore Alsace-Lorraine, we must be certain we are not being drawn into a snare."

ENEMY OFFENSIVE ANTICIPATED ON FRENCH FRONT.

PARIS, Sept. 20. It is semi-officially announced that the German bombardment on the Aisne, Champagne and Verdun, which has already lasted twenty-four hours, continues most violent, and apparently it presages an enemy offensive.

BRITISH AND FRENCH WAR SPECIALISTS FOR U.S.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20. British and French officers experienced on the Western Front in bombing and artillery control, in aeroplane observation and other specialised subjects are being attached to the training camps in the United States.

Three hundred thousand men of the National Army are now en route to the sixteen training camps. This represents 45 per cent. of the quota under the first call.

MONTREAL ANARCHIST ARRESTED.

MONTREAL, Sept. 20. Monette, the ringleader of the dynamite of Lord Atholstan residence, has been arrested.

ENEMY INACTIVE ON ROMANIAN FRONT.

LONDON, Sept. 20. The Times Correspondent at the Rumanian Headquarters says:—"The enemy has been inactive for three weeks since his defeat by the Rumanians, who have since carried out successful raids. A new Alpine battalion in one raid took 400 prisoners and buried 200 dead. The battalion had only 40 casualties."

GENERAL KORNILOFF TO BE TRIED BY COURT-MARTIAL.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 20. It has been announced that General Korniloff will be tried by Court-martial with a jury.

The trial at the instance of the Council of Workmen and Soldiers will be at the front and not at Petrograd.

NEW RUSSIAN APPOINTMENTS.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 20. M. Taraschenko has been appointed Deputy Premier, and M. Nekrasov has been appointed Governor-General of Finland, in succession to M. Iskhovitch, who has resigned owing to ill-health.

GERMAN PROPAGANDA IN RUSSIA.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S COUNTER-MOVE.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20. President Wilson is sending to Russia a Mission of sixty Labourites to counteract the German propaganda that the United States are not democratic.

GREEK GENERAL ARRESTED.

ATHENS, Sept. 20. General Papoulas, who ordered the Greek troops to fire on the Allies on December 1st, 1916, has been arrested at Missolonghi.

THE LUXBURG AFFAIR.

SWEDEN'S PROTEST.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 20. It is officially announced that the Swedish Minister at Berlin was instructed on the 10th inst. to protest strongly in connection with the Luxburg affair, pointing out that the German Authorities had abused Sweden's confidence in a particularly grave manner.

THE AMERICAN SHIPPING STRIKE.

IMPROVED PROSPECTS OF SETTLEMENT.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20. The Chairman of the Shipping Board has definitely postponed his trip to the Pacific, as the prospect of the strike settlement has improved.

NEUTRAL SHIPS IN AMERICAN PORTS.

ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 20. The Vice-Chairman of the Shipping Board has announced that the Government is powerless to commandeer neutral ships held up in ports, but the neutrals are ready to use the tonnage in carrying cargo between American ports when the United States permitted. Hundreds of thousands of tons are available for this service.

U.S. LOANS TO ALLIES.

FURTHER INSTALMENTS PAID.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20. Further instalments of ten million sterling and four million dollars respectively, were paid yesterday to Great Britain and France.

OIL SUPPLY ASSURED.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12. The President of the Standard Oil Company has declared that America is able to produce all the necessary supplies of crude oil, petrol and kerosene for America and the Allies' War demands. The oil refining capacity was greater than the demand, and the supply was assured for the next five years.

INCREASED FREIGHT PROSPECTS.

ZURICH, Sept. 20. The *Times* says that substantial increases in freight, to the East and to Australia, are expected, shortly. Outward freight to India will be provisionally raised by a third from November 1.

NEW POST UNDER FOOD CONTROLLER.

LONDON, Sept. 20. Sir Arthur Yapp, Secretary of the Y.M.C.A., has been appointed Director of Food Economy.

CANADIAN APPLES.

AUSTRALIAN EMBARGO RAISED.

OTTAWA, Sept. 20. Australia has raised the embargo on Canadian apples and restricts importation to ten thousand boxes.

"ALL-HIGHEST" U. BOAT.

Several Swedish papers publish statements concerning a large type of new German submarine which has been constructed, and an interesting telegram from Copenhagen.

ANCIENT CHINESE ART.

SIR AUREL STEIN'S DISCOVERIES.

Some interesting particulars concerning Sir Aurel Stein's recent discoveries are given by Mr. F. H. Brown in a long letter to *The Times*. This time Sir Aurel's great and varied spoils are re-ordered in India, and must, it is expected, be sent to the British Museum. This time across the sea to safe from enemy attack. Hence none of Sir Aurel's prospective collaborators are at work with full material except Mr. F. H. Andrews, formerly Principal of the Lahore School of Arts, afterwards Director of the 1st Department of the British Museum, and now Director of the Technical Institute at Srinagar. He is Sir A. Stein's chief assistant in cataloguing the new collection, and information as to the first-fruits of his skilled and careful labours recently arrived in England. It relates to antiquities excavated at the early Chinese and indigenous burial grounds Sir Aurel discovered to the east of the ruined station of Lou-lan, in the now wholly waterless desert north of Lop Nor.

Between about 100 B.C. and 300 A.D. Lou-lan was a place of considerable importance on the ancient route by which the Chinese had first expanded their political power and their trade into Central Asia and thence westwards. Since the third century of our era the river which once carried water to the Lou-lan tract has ceased to flow, and the whole area has remained an utterly lifeless solitude. Fortunately, the ancient burial grounds escaped destruction. From the series of large grave-pits excavated by Sir Aurel Stein there was a bewildering yield of antiquities. Mixed up with human bones and fragments of the lost Department of the British Museum, the Chinese had first expanded their political power and their trade into Central Asia and thence westwards. Since the third century of our era the river which once carried water to the Lou-lan tract has ceased to flow, and the whole area has remained an utterly lifeless solitude. Fortunately, the ancient burial grounds escaped destruction. 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To-day's Advertisements

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Underigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (on account of the deceased),

MONDAY.

At 10 o'clock, 1917, at 10.45 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ten House Street, The following SUNDRY GOODS: 100 long handled Wood Axes, 150 Pick Axe Heads, Three Leather Machinery Belts, 100 Dry Cell Batteries, 35 doz. Mouth Organs, Galvanized Piping Shackles, Wire, Padlocks, Whistles, &c., &c., &c.

A large quantity of Enamelled Cooking Utensils.

And a complete Telephones, together with China Insulators, Cross Arms, and 2 coils of Wire.

HUGHES & HUGHES, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Sept. 21, 1917. 2125

TO NIKEN KAISHA.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO Via HONOLULU, JAPAN PORTS AND SHANGHAI.

THE Steamship "KOREA MARU".

The above named Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for counter signature, and to take immediate delivery of Cargo from alongside.

Cargo remaining undelivered on SATURDAY, 22nd September at 5 p.m. will be landed at Consignee's risk and expense, and delivery must then be taken from the Company's Godown.

Storage charges will be as used on all Cargo remaining undelivered on THURSDAY, 27th September, at 5 p.m.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

No Claims will be recognized after the Goods have left the Steamer or Godown.

All Claims must be presented to the Company's Godown, where they will be examined on 1st October, 1917.

No Claims will be recognized if filed after the 11th October, 1917.

T. DAICO, Agent.

Hongkong, Sept. 21, 1917. 2125

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM CALCUTTA, PESNANG & SINGAPORE.

(Also from Colombo and Madras ex "Eurymachus" and "Thongwa")

THE Steamship "JAPAN".

Consignees of Cargo by her are notified that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by 25th instant, will be subject to rent.

All broken, stained and damaged packages are to be sent to the Godown, where they will be examined by Messrs. Goddard and Douglas on 27th instant, at 10 a.m.

Claims against the Steamer must be presented in writing within 10 days after arrival of Steamer, otherwise they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by the undersigned in any case whatever.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by DAVID SAN OON & Co., Ltd. Agents.

Hongkong, Sept. 21, 1917. 2130

SILIMPON (SEBATTIK) COAL.

THE Underigned having been appointed Agents for the COOKING HARBOUR COAL CO., LTD., are prepared to quote prices for best quality SILIMPON COAL trimmed into Bunkers at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN (British North Borneo).

SILIMPON COAL compares favourably with the better grades of Japanese Coal and gives good results on a very moderate consumption.

Steamers calling at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN exclusively for SILIMPON COAL (either cargo or Bunkers) are exempt from payment of all Port charges.

At Sebatik Steamers are berthed alongside the company's wharf where there is a minimum depth of 27 to 28 feet at low water Spring Tides.

Charts of Shikou Bay (Sebatik Harbour). Prices and all other information concerning the Port can be had on application to the Agents.

BRADLEY & CO., LTD., Agents, Cowie Harbour Coal Company, Limited.

1927

LESSONS IN CHINESE.

MR. LI HON FAN, a native of Hongkong, has been a teacher to Europeans and Chinese in the Chinese language for many years. He has a good knowledge of the Chinese language and is prepared to give lessons in the Chinese language to Europeans and Chinese. He has a good knowledge of the Chinese language and is prepared to give lessons in the Chinese language to Europeans and Chinese.

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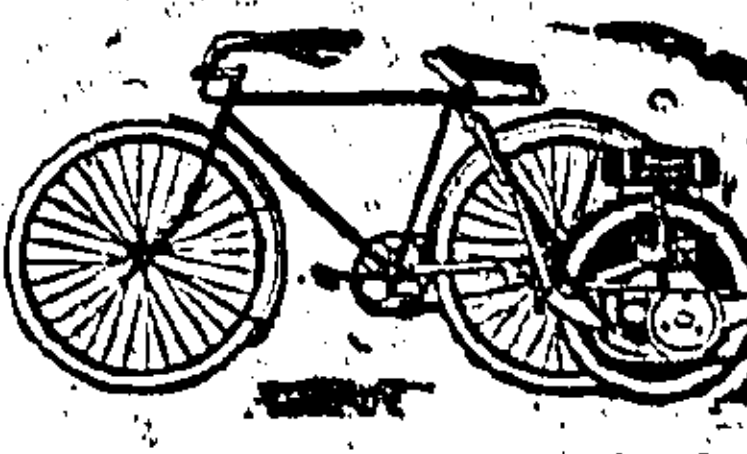
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"SMITH" MOTOR WHEELS.

Price \$130.00



Price \$130.00

Latest Models just arrived:

ALEX. ROSS & Co.,

4, Des Vaux Road, HONGKONG.

TO LET

TO LET.

A FLAT in Nathan Road, Kowloon.

Four roomed houses in Kowloon.

Apply to HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.

Alexandra Buildings, Hongkong, August 22, 1917.

TO LET.

NO. 4 "BASILEA" Lyttleton Road.

4 Roomed House with Servants' Quarters.

Apply to Messrs. LOWE, BINGHAM & MATTHEWS, Chartered Bank Building, Hongkong, August 25, 1917. 2057

TO LET.

OFFICES at 2 Connaught Road Central.

HOUSES in King's Buildings.

HOUSES in Morton Terrace and Wagon Road, Hongkong.

HOUSES on Shamshau, Canton.

Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

TO LET.

IMMEDIATE ENTRY, four very desirable SHOPS situated in Ice House Street, opposite the Grand Hotel, recently reconstructed.

For rent and other particulars apply to the Manager, Hongkong Ice Co., Ltd. 46 Connaught Road Central, Hongkong, August 2, 1917. 2003

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

On and after the 1st Oct., 1917, the rate of postage on letters from Hongkong to Fushan, Chan Chuen, and Whampoa will be 4 cents for each ounce or fraction thereof.

Mails for Europe via Suez are despatched as opportunity offers but only correspondence specially marked is forwarded by that route and no particulars of such mails can be given.

Correspondence addressed to enemy subjects in China, Siam, Liberia, Portuguese East Africa, Persia and Morocco, cannot be transmitted.

The Services to Germany, Austria, Bulgaria and the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

OUTWARD MAELS.

Registered and Parcel mails close 15 minutes earlier than the time given below, unless otherwise stated.

LOCAL AND REGULAR MAELS.

OUTWARD.

For WEEK-DAYS SUNDAYS & HOLIDAYS.

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WEATHER REPORT.

September 21st, 11h. 43m. - No returns from Japanese stations. Pressure has increased slightly over N. China, and decreased slightly elsewhere. The anticyclone remains stationary over N. China, and an area of relatively low pressure continues to cover the S. China Sea.

Moderate to fresh N.E. monsoon may be expected along the China coast and over the N. China Sea.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1st, 73.20 inches, against an average of 73.68 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon on the 22nd September -

1.-Hongkong to Gap Rock: N.E. winds, fresh; cloudy generally, cooler, probably some rain.

2.-Formosa Channel: The same as No. 1.

3.-South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamocks: The same as No. 1.

4.-South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: The same as No. 1.

OFFICIAL NIGHTS IN SEPTEMBER.

The following Table shows the Standard Time at which Official Night ends and begins during the month of Sept., 1917.

Date. Ends. Begins.

Sept. 21st, 6.0 a.m. 6.34 p.m.

" 22nd, 6.0 " 6.33 "

" 23rd, 6.1 " 6.32 "

" 24th, 6.1 " 6.31 "

" 25th, 6.1 " 6.30 "

" 26th, 6.2 " 6.29 "

" 27th, 6.2 " 6.28 "

" 28th, 6.2 " 6.27 "

" 29th, 6.2 " 6.26 "

" 30th, 6.2 " 6.25 "

" 31st, 6.2 " 6.24 "

" 1st, 6.2 " 6.23 "

" 2nd, 6.2 " 6.22 "

" 3rd, 6.2 " 6.21 "

" 4th, 6.2 " 6.20 "

" 5th, 6.2 " 6.19 "

" 6th, 6.2 " 6.18 "

" 7th, 6.2 " 6.17 "

" 8th, 6.2 " 6.16 "

" 9th, 6.2 " 6.15 "

" 10th, 6.2 " 6.14 "

" 11th, 6.2 " 6.13 "

" 12th, 6.2 " 6.12 "

" 13th, 6.2 " 6.11 "

" 14th, 6.2 " 6.10 "

" 15th, 6.2 " 6.09 "

" 16th, 6.2 " 6.08 "

" 17th, 6.2 " 6.07 "

" 18th, 6.2 " 6.06 "

" 19th, 6.2 " 6.05 "

" 20th, 6.2 " 6.04 "

" 21st, 6.2 " 6.03 "

" 22nd, 6.2 " 6.02 "

HONGKONG MARKET PRICES.

Butcher Meat.

Beef Sirloin, - Mei Lung Pa ... lb. 21

" Prime Cut ... " 21

" Corned, - Ham Ngau Yuk ... " 20

" Roast, - Shiu ... " 20

" Breast, - Ngau Nam ... " 18

" Soup, - Tong Yuk ... " 18

" Steak, - Ngau Yuk Pa ... " 20

" Steak Sirloin, - Ngau Lan ... " 30

" Sausages, - Ngau Cheung ... " 25

" No. 1 ... " 25

" Tongue, fresh, - Ngau Li each 45

" Tongue, corned, - Ham Ngau Li each 80 cents.

" Head, - Ngau Tau ... each 80

" Heart, - Ngau Sam ... lb. 13

" Hump, Salt, - Ngau Kiu ... " 18

" Feet, - Ngau Keuk ... each 10

" Kidneys, - Ngau Yiu ... " 18

" Tail, - Ngau Mei ... " 18

" Liver, - Ngau Kou ... lb. 12

" Tripe (undressed), Ngau To lb. 8

" Calves' Head and Feet, - Ngau Tsai-tau-kuk ... set \$1.00

" Mutton Chop, - Yeung Pui Kwat lb. 28

" Leg, - Yeung Pui ... " 26

" Shoulder, - Yeung Pui ... " 24

" Saddle, - Yeung Pui ... " 18

" Big's Chittings, - Chu Chong ... " 4

" Brains, - Chu No ... per set 3

" Feet, - Chu Keuk ... lb. 14

" Fry, - Chu Chap ... " 20

" Head, - Chu Tau ... " 18

" Heart, - Chu Sam ... each 10

" Kidneys, - Chu Yiu ... lb. 30

" Liver, - Chu Kou ... " 24

" Pork Chop, - Chu Pui Kwat ... " 28

" Leg, - Chu Pui ... " 28

" Loins, - Chu Hui Tau ... " 28

" Fat or Lard, - Chu Tau ... " 21

" Sheep's Head and Feet, - Yeung ... " 60

" Tan Kerk ... " set 60

" Heart, - Yeung Sam ... each 8

" Kidneys, - Yeung Yiu ... each 12

" Liver, - Yeung Kou ... lb. 14

" Sacking Figs, by order, - Chu Tai ... " 29

" Suet, Beef, - Shang Ngau Yau ... " 29

" Mutton, - Shang Yeung Yau ... " 25

" Veal, - Ngau Tai Yuk ... " 20

" Sausages, - Ngau Tsai Cheung ... lb. 20

" No. 1 ... " lb. 20

" Lard, - Chu Yau ... lb. 18

" Fish.

" Barbel, - Ka Yu ... lb. 25

Lichees, Dried, (small stone).

Lai Chi Koon lb. 28

Oranges, (Canton), (Sweet) ... lb. 12

" Shan-sheng Tim Chang ... " 12

" Oranges, (Canton), ... lb. 10

" Pears, (Canton), Cooking, - Sha Li ... " 10

" Peas, - Fa Shang ... " 12

" Persimmons, Large, - Hung Tee ... " 10

" Plantain, - Tai Chiu ... " 02

" Fumeli, Siam, - Tsim Lo Tau ... each 11

" Walnuts, - Hop To ... lb. 14

" Grapes, - Po Tai Tau ... " 28

" Vegetables, &c.

" Artichokes, - Ah Chi Cheuk ... each 4

" Beans, Sprout, - Nga Tsoi ... lb. 4

" Long, - Tau Kok ... " 9

" Beet Root, - Hung Tai Tau ... " 8

" Bitter Squash, - Fu Kwa ... " 7

" Brinjals, Green, - Ching Yun Kwa ... " 5

" Red, - Hung Ko ... " 6

" Cabbage, Chinese, (common), - Kai Tsoi ... " 8

" Shanghai, - Ye Tsoi ... " 16

" Cane Shoots, bunch, - Kai Shou ... " 1

" Cauliflower (Large), - Ye Tsoi Fa each (Medium) ... " 1

" (Small), ... " 1

" Carrots, - Kam Shun ... " lb. 8

" Celery, Chinese, - Tong Kan Tsoi ... " 9

" Chilies, Dried, - Koon Lai Chiu ... " 25

" Red, - Hung Fa Chiu ... " 12

" Green, - Ching Lai Chiu ... " 6

" Curry Stuff, English, - Ka Li Chiu Liu ... lb. 10

" Cucumbers, - Ching Kwa ... each 2

" Garlic, - Sun Tau ... lb. 8

" Ginger, young, - Sun Tse Keung ... " 3

" Ginger, old, - Lo Keung ... " 10

" Horseradish, Shanghai, - Lik Kan ... " 4

" Indian Corn, - Shuk Mai ... each 06

" Lettuce, - Yeung Shang Tsoi ... each 1

" Water Chestnuts, - Ma Tai ... lb.